

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

#### Pedilen N

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Cosmetic preparation

##### Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB

PRIMUS BEIER & Co. GmbH & Co. KG, Ruppoldingener Strasse 5, 81825 München, Germany  
Phone: +49 (0)89 43 25 64, Fax: +49 (0)89 4 31 01 21  
info@primus-beier.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

##### Emergency information services / official advisory body:

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##### Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+49 (0)89 43650063 (Mon. - Thu. 8.00 - 16.00 Uhr, Fri. 8.00 - 14.00 Uhr)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Flam. Liq.	2	H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Cosmetics regulations are to be applied.

Voluntary:



Danger

H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233-Keep container tightly closed.

P501-Dispose of contents/container to special waste collection point.

## 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substance

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixture

Propan-2-ol	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	603-117-00-0
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	200-661-7
CAS	67-63-0
content %	60-80
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Guaiacol	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	604-031-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	201-964-7
CAS	90-05-1
content %	10-<20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

#### Skin contact

Wash thoroughly using copious water - remove contaminated clothing immediately. If skin irritation occurs (redness etc.), consult doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Call doctor immediately - have Data Sheet available.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

The following may occur:

Headaches

Dizziness

Effect on the central nervous system

Unconsciousness

Ingestion of large quantities:

Nausea

Vomiting

Diarrhoea

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

n.c.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.

Water jet spray / alcohol resistant foam / CO<sub>2</sub> / dry extinguisher

#### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

n.c.

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic gases

Explosive vapour/air mixture

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

#### **7.1.1 General recommendations**

Ensure good ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

#### **7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace**

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.  
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
 Store product closed and only in original packing.  
 Observe special storage conditions (in Germany, e.g., in accordance with the regulations in the "Betriebssicherheitsverordnung").  
 Protect from direct sunlight and warming.  
 Store in a well ventilated place.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

No information available at present.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

Chemical Name	Propan-2-ol		Content %:60-80
WEL-TWA: 400 ppm (999 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 500 ppm (1250 mg/m3)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-122 SA(C) (549 277) - Compur - KITA-150 U (550 382) - Draeger - Alcohol 25/a i-Propanol (81 01 631) DFG (D) (Loesungsmittelgemische), DFG (E) (Solvent mixtures 6) - 1998, 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 66-3 (2004) - Draeger - Alcohol 25/a (81 01 631) - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

Chemical Name	Glycerine		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (mist)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
 \*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

Propan-2-ol						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	888	mg/kg	(1 d)
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	500	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	319	mg/kg	(1 d)
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	89	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term	DNEL	26	mg/kg	(1 d)
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	140,9	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	552	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	552	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	28	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2251	mg/l	

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls**

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.  
 If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.  
 Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

## 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Normally not necessary.

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Normally not necessary.

Skin protection - Other:

Normally not necessary.

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

## 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Alcoholic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	82 °C (Propan-2-ol)
Flash point:	12-14 °C (Pensky-Martens, closed cup, Propan-2-ol)
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	n.a.
Lower explosive limit:	2 Vol-% (Propan-2-ol)
Upper explosive limit:	12 Vol-% (Propan-2-ol)
Vapour pressure:	48 hPa (Propan-2-ol)
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,9 g/ml
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	425 °C (Ignition temperature Propan-2-ol)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
Oxidising properties:	No

## 9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined

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Surface tension: Not determined  
 Solvents content: Not determined

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with strong alkalis.

Avoid contact with strong acids.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Pedilen N						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Propan-2-ol						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5840	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	13900	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	30	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant

Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Eye Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Target organ(s): liver
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, vomiting, headaches, fatigue, dizziness, nausea

Guaiacol						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	520	mg/kg	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Intensely irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, diarrhoea, heart/circulatory disorders, coughing, collapse, headaches, cramps, gastrointestinal disturbances, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Glycerine						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>12600	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Not irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity:						OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	2000	mg/kg/d				Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	3,91	mg/l	Rat			14d
Aspiration hazard:							Negative
Symptoms:							abdominal pain, drowsiness, diarrhoea, vomiting, headaches, mucous membrane irritation

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Pedilen N							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Propan-2-ol							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	9640	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	13299	mg/l	Daphnia magna		References
Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
Persistence and degradability:		21d	95	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,05			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	
Mobility in soil:	Koc		1,1				expert judgement
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		>1000	mg/l	activated sludge		
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	18h	5175	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	
Other information:	BOD5		53	%			
Other information:	COD		96	%			References
Other information:	ThOD		2,4	g/g			
Water solubility:							Soluble

Guaiacol							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	26	mg/l	Daphnia magna		



Persistence and degradability:		5d	68	%			
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Glycerine							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	24h	>5000	mg/l	Carassius auratus		References
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	> 5000	mg/l	Carassius auratus		
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC5	72h	3200	mg/l			References
Toxicity to algae:	EC50		2900	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris		
Toxicity to algae:	IC5	7d	>10000	mg/l	Scenedesmus quadricauda		
Toxicity to algae:	IC5	7d	>10000	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		References
Persistence and degradability:		14d	63	%		OECD 301 C (Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I))	
Persistence and degradability:		14d	63	%		OECD 301 C (Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I))	
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-1,76				
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-2,6				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.a.
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC5	16h	> 10000	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other information:	BOD5		0,87	g/g			
Other information:	COD		1,16	g/g			

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

07 06 wastes from the MFSU of fats, grease, soaps, detergents, disinfectants and cosmetics

07 06 04 other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Empty container completely.

Untamminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

UN number: 1993

### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name: UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)  
 Transport hazard class(es): 3  
 Packing group: II  
 Classification code: F1  
 LQ (ADR 2015): 1 L  
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
 Tunnel restriction code: D/E



### Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.  
 All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.  
 Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.  
 Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.  
 Danger code and packing code on request.  
 Comply with special provisions.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions:

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 69,4 %

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 1 - 16

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Classification based on test data.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

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**Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:**

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration

DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEA European Economic Area

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ERC Environmental Release Categories

ES Exposure scenario

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EWC European Waste Catalogue

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane

HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)

IC Inhibitory concentration

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

LC lethal concentration  
 LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill  
 LCLo lowest published lethal concentration  
 LD Lethal Dose of a chemical  
 LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill  
 LDLo Lethal Dose Low  
 LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration  
 LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level  
 LQ Limited Quantities  
 MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
 n.a. not applicable  
 n.av. not available  
 n.c. not checked  
 n.d.a. no data available  
 NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)  
 NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration  
 NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration  
 NOEL No Observed Effect Level  
 ODP Ozone Depletion Potential  
 OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
 org. organic  
 PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon  
 PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
 PC Chemical product category  
 PE Polyethylene  
 PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential  
 ppm parts per million  
 PROC Process category  
 PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene  
 REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
 REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
 RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
 SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature  
 SAR Structure Activity Relationship  
 SU Sector of use  
 SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
 Tel. Telephone  
 ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand  
 TOC Total organic carbon  
 TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)  
 UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
 VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))  
 VOC Volatile organic compounds  
 vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative  
 WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).  
 WHO World Health Organization  
 wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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